Superior Efficacy of Ozoralizumab, an anti-Human TNF Nanobody in a TNF Transgenic Mouse Model of Polyarthritis

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Disclosures:

Martin Hegen, Marina Shen, Julie Lee, Lori Fitz, Yulia Vugmeyster, Christopher Wrocklage, Nilufer Seth, Kyri Dunussi-Joannopoulos, Cheryl Nickerson-Nutter and Mary Collins are employees of Pfizer Inc.

Els Beirnaert, Guy Hermans and Peter Casteels are employees of Ablynx nv and hold stock in Ablynx nv.

Ozoralizumab (ATN-103): Humanized, Trivalent,



Bi-specific Nanobody Novel humanized therapeutic Model of Ozora protein derived from camelid

heavy-chain antibody38 kDa protein, one quarter the size of

Adalimumab, Infliximab or Etanercept
 Two anti-TNF Nanobody building

- blocks
 Expected potency comparable with
- Expected potency comparable with Etanercept
- Humanized Ilama domain: 98% homology versus human
- One anti-HSA Nanobody building block
 - Half-life extension
 - Humanized Ilama domain: 92% homology versus human





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Binding affinities of Ozoralizumab and TNF inhibitors to TNF

TNF inhibitor	Human TNF Kd (pM)	Rhesus TNF Kd (pM)
Ozoralizumab	20.2	16.1
Etanercept	11.6	24.2
Adalimumab	23.7	25.8
Infliximab	22.7	No binding

Ozoralizumab demonstrated identical equilibrium dissociation constants (*Kd*) based on binding to human and rhesus monkey albumin.

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Ozoralizumab shows Comparable Potency to Etanercept and Superior Potency to Adalimumab and Infliximab in L929 Cell Based Assay



Flow Cytometry demonstrating Binding of Ozoralizumab to Cell Surface TNF



Ozoralizumab (ATN-103) has no Observed Complementdependent Cytotoxicity (CDC) or Antibody-dependent Cell-mediated Cytotoxicity (ADCC) Activity



Effect of Ozoralizumab (ATN-103) on Neutrophil Infiltration



Ozoralizumab shows Superior Efficacy in the Human TNF Transgenic Tg197 Mouse Model of Arthritis



Human TNF transgenic To 197 mouse







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Corolleumab (ATN-103) Histopathological score: 0: No detectable pathology 1: Hyperplasia: dhe synoxial membrane and presance of polymorphonuclear infiltrates 2: Pannus and Thorsu tissue formation and focal subchondrial bone erosion 3: Cartilage destruction and bone erosion 4: Extensive cartilage destruction and bone erosion

PK Profiles of Ozoralizumab after a single IV or SC Dose to Cynomolgus Monkeys



Pharmacokinetic analysis in mice and in non-human primates confirmed the long *in vivo* half-life of Ozoralizumab

Conclusions:

- Ozoralizumab has high affinity for human TNF and showed equivalent potency on a molar basis as compared to Etanercept in a cell based assay
- Ozoralizumab has no observed complementdependent cytotoxicity (CDC) or antibodydependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity (ADCC) activity
- In comparison with Infliximab, Ozoralizumab demonstrated superior efficacy in a therapeutic treatment protocol in the human TNF transgenic mouse model of arthritis
- Pharmacokinetic analysis showed long in vivo half-life of Ozoralizumab in non-human primates

Please note:

- Pharmacokinetic-Pharmacodynamic Modeling of Ozoralizumab (ATN-103), a Novel Humanized Nanobody TNF Inhibitor for Rheumatoid Arthritis Poster Presentation #125: Rheumatoid Arthritis Treatment -Small Molecules, Biologics, Therapy: Monday, November 7, 9:00 AM - 6:00 PM
- A Multiple Ascending Dose / Proof of Concept study of ATN-103 (ozoralizumab) in Rheumatoid Arthritis Subjects on a background of Methotrexate Oral Presentation #2630: Rheumatoid Arthritis Treatment -Small Molecules, Biologics, Therapy: Novel Compounds II Wednesday, November 9, 11:00 AM - 12:30 PM Presentation Time: 11:45 AM - 12:00 PM Room W 375 A

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